

(19)



Europäisches Patentamt

European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



(11)

EP 0 830 875 A2

(12)

## EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:  
25.03.1998 Bulletin 1998/13

(51) Int Cl.<sup>6</sup> A61N 1/36

(21) Application number: 97830129.9

(22) Date of filing: 21.03.1997

(84) Designated Contracting States:  
AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB IE LI NL PT SE

(72) Inventor: **Piunti, Luige**  
Porto D'Ascoli (Ascoli Piceno) (IT)

(30) Priority: 24.09.1996 IT BO960478

(74) Representative: **Dall'Olio, Giancarlo**  
**INVENTION s.n.c.**,  
Via delle Armi, 1  
40137 Bologna (IT)

(71) Applicant: **Galaxy-Top International S.p.A.**  
San Benedetto del Tronto (Ascoli Piceno) (IT)

(54) **Method for controlled stimulation of predetermined parts of the human body by application of variable electric signals**

(57) A method for controlled stimulation of predetermined parts (10,20,30,40,50) of the human body, includes application of a plurality of positive electrodes (2) and a plurality of discharge electrodes (3), a voltage being then applied to the positive electrodes (2) and discharge electrodes (3) and varied in frequency and intensity according to a predetermined way. In accordance

with the method a plurality of configurations of the positive electrodes (2) and discharge electrodes (3) are adopted in peripheral positions of body zones (10,20,30,40,50) to be stimulated, and the electrodes are activated in prefixed sequences so as to provoke in these zones (10,20,30,40,50) concentration of electromagnetic waves which improve some physiological parameters.

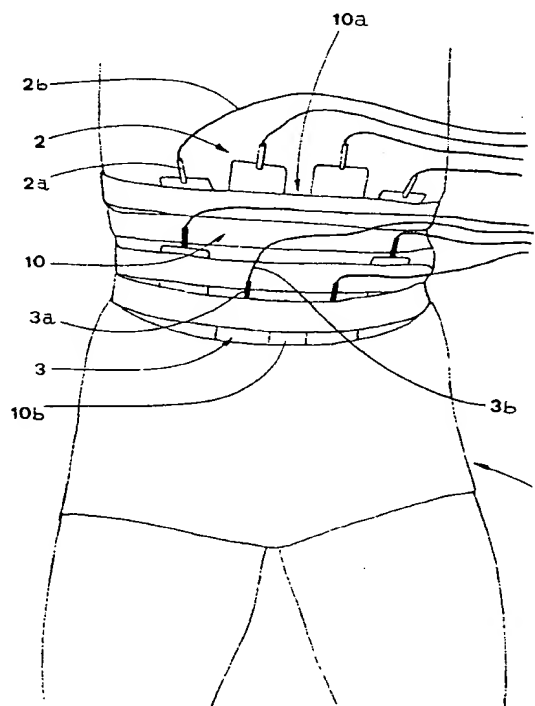


FIG.1

## Description

The present invention relates to stimulation of parts of the human body, mainly for improvement of muscles tone and lymphatic and blood circulation, as well as for improving a person's aesthetic appearance.

In particular, the present invention concerns a method of controlled stimulation of predetermined body zones by application of electric signals of variable intensity.

It is known that stimulation of predetermined zones of the human body, by suitable techniques, is undeniably advantageous, above all for improvement of muscle tone and blood circulation in these zones under treatment.

The stimulation is usually performed mechanically or manually, by massages executed by suitably instructed people.

The mechanical stimulation is carried out by machines that in fact substitute the massager's hands with vibrating belts or discs, or with light electric discharges applied to the ends of the muscles bands by suitably placed groups of electrodes.

Italian Paten application No. BO94A000254, of the same Applicant, discloses a method for improving the muscles tone and blood circulation by application of an electric voltage, moduled in such a way as to form predetermined sequences of particular wave forms, whose intensity and duration are defined in relation to suitable programs, customized for each single application.

The above mentioned methods and apparatuses for electric/mechanical stimulation of the human body act on the muscles bands to provoke their subsequent contractions and pulling, which simulate stresses deriving from a prolonged physical activity thus contributing to improvement of their tone.

In particular, the apparatuses for electric stimulation use couples of electrodes placed on opposite extremities of the muscle bands to maximize application effects.

The main object of the present invention is to propose a method for controlled stimulation of predetermined parts of human body that allows not only to improve muscles tone and blood circulation, but also to facilitate the disposal of excessive liquids and melting of possible localized adipose substances.

Another object of the present invention is to obtain the above mentioned results in a simple, easy for the user way, and extremely repetitive.

The above mentioned objects are obtained in accordance with the contents of claim 1. Other advantageous features of the invention are pointed out in the sub-claims.

The characteristic features of the proposed method will be pointed out in the following description with reference to the enclosed drawings, in which:

- Figs. 1 and 2 show two configurations of the electrodes, according to the method being the subject

of the present invention, aimed at abdomen reduction:

- Fig. 3 shows an electrodes configuration for improvement of abdomen muscles tone;
- Fig. 4 shows an electrodes configuration for improvement of gluteal muscles tone;
- Fig. 5 shows an electrodes configuration particularly aimed at gluteus and external thigh reduction;
- Fig. 6 shows an electrodes configuration for external thigh reduction;
- Figs. 7 and 8 show electrodes positions near drain points, defined by acupuncture techniques.

With reference to the above mentioned figures, numeral 2 indicates a plurality of electrodes, of known type and easily available on the market. The electrodes are applied in predetermined points situated on the user 1 skin.

These electrodes 2 are connected by respective clamps 2a and electric cables 2b with an apparatus similar to e.g. the one disclosed in the Italian patent application No. BO94A000254 of the same Applicant. Obviously, onther apparatus having similar operation to the one disclosed in this last mentioned application can be used.

The electrodes 2 generally correspond to the positive polarity of electric voltage generated by the apparatus.

For sake of clarity, the clamps 2a are distinguished by light color.

Likewise, numeral 3 indicates a plurality of electrodes which generally correspond to the negative or discharge polarity generated by the same apparatus, to which the electric cables 3b are connected by means of clamps 3a which can be distinguished because of their dark color.

According to the method in question, a plurality of the above mentioned positive electrodes 2 and discharge electrodes 3 are first placed peripherally with respect to the body areas 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, and afterwards, activated by the above mentioned stimulation apparatus for predetermined time intervals.

The apparatus generates electric signals of variable frequency and intensity, according to predetermined sequences, that provoke in the body areas 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 concentration of electromagnetic waves for improvement of some physiological parameters of the same human body.

The main involved physiological parameters depend directly on the configuration of the positive electrodes 2 and the discharge electrodes 3, which therefore is extremely important for performing the present method.

The positive electrodes 2 are always applied to the peripheral areas 10a, 20a, 30a, 40a, 50a of the said areas 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 which are closer to the heart, while the discharge electrodes 3 are always applied to the peripheral areas 10b, 20b, 30b, 40b, 50b of the areas 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 which are farther from the heart.

The main configurations of the electrodes will be now described.

With particular reference to Fig. 1 illustrating a first configuration, there are four positive electrodes 2, substantially shaped like a squashed semicircle with a convex part turned upwards and applied to a lower abdomen area 10, directly over the navel.

According to this configuration, there are four discharge electrodes 3, substantially arranged to form a squashed semicircle with a convex part turned downwards and applied to the same abdomen area 10, directly over the pubis.

With the electrodes applied according to this first configuration, the lower part of the user's 1 abdomen is stimulated and thus its reduction is facilitated by continuous draining of excessive liquids and melting of adipose substances.

Another result is increase of the muscles tone.

With reference to Fig. 2 illustrating a second configuration, there are four positive electrodes 2, substantially arranged to form a squashed semicircle with a convex part turned upwards and applied to an upper abdomen area 20, directly below the chest, and four discharge electrodes 3, substantially arranged like a squashed semicircle with a convex part turned downwards and applied directly over the navel.

This second configuration allows to stimulate the upper part of the user's 1 abdomen in exactly the same way as already described in the first configuration.

With reference to Fig. 3 illustrating a third configuration, the positive electrodes 2 and the discharge electrodes 3 are arranged vertically symmetrical around an abdomen area 30.

The positive electrodes 2 are applied to the oblique rectus muscle joint and the discharge electrodes 3 are applied to the lower part of the abdomen rectus muscle.

The stimulation with electrodes 2, 3 applied according to this third configuration facilitates first of all improvement of muscles tone in the abdomen area.

With reference to Fig. 4 illustrating a fourth configuration, the positive electrodes 2 and the discharge electrodes 3 are arranged around a gluteus area 40, more precisely in correspondence to the medium and big gluteus.

A first positive electrode 21 is applied, in a substantially central position, directly over each of the gluteus areas 40 and a second positive electrode 22 is applied beside the first electrode 21 to the external part of the gluteus 40.

A correspondent couple of discharge electrodes 31, 32, first and second respectively, are applied directly below the gluteus area 40.

The stimulation performed according to a suitably defined sequences and with electrodes 2, 3 applied according to the above described configuration, allows to improve muscles tone of the gluteus 40 area.

With reference to Fig. 5, illustrating a fifth configuration, for each gluteus area 40, the second discharge electrode 32, as described in the previous fourth configuration, is moved to the external part 41 of the leg, directly over the knee.

Besides the results of the stimulation with the electrodes 2, 3 applied according to the fourth configuration, also reduction of the excessive substances in the gluteus and external thigh areas are obtained by the stimulation according to the fifth configuration.

With reference to Fig. 6, illustrating a sixth configuration, four positive electrodes 2, arranged horizontally side by side, are applied directly over the external thigh area 50, and four discharge electrodes 3, arranged horizontally side by side, are applied directly below the external thigh area 50.

The electric stimulation performed on the external thigh area according to a suitable program and with the electrodes 2, 3 applied as in the sixth configuration, allows to considerably reduce excessive liquids and adipose substances in this area.

With reference to Figs. 7 and 8, illustrating seventh and eighth configurations, the groups of positive electrodes 2 and discharge electrodes 3 are applied to drain points defined according to the acupuncture technique.

In particular, according to the seventh configuration, a couple of positive electrodes 21, 22 are applied to the internal thigh area and to the lower part of the internal knee area, and a couple of discharge electrodes 31, 32 are applied to the upper part of the internal knee area and to the internal part of the ankle.

The above described configuration of the electrodes allows to improve blood and lymph circulation in the legs area.

According to the eighth configuration, a couple of positive electrodes 21, 22 are applied to the oblique rectus muscles joint, a corresponding couple of discharge electrodes 31, 32 are applied symmetrically to the lower part of the abdomen rectus muscle.

Another positive electrode 23 is applied to the upper part of each internal thigh area and another discharge electrode 33 is applied to the internal knee area.

The electric stimulation with electrodes applied according to the last configuration reduces the abdomen in the region of the oblique abdomen muscles and drains excessive liquids in the lower limbs area.

The main advantage of the present invention derives from the fact that it provides a method for controlled stimulation of predetermined parts of the human body that allows to perform individualized programs of such stimulation.

These programs non only guarantee harmonious improvement of the muscles tone and blood circulation in the treated areas, but also facilitates draining of ex-

cessive liquids and melting of localized adipose substances.

Another advantage of the present invention lies in the fact that the above mentioned results can be obtained in a simple, easy for the user and extremely repetitive way.

In fact, the above described configurations are extremely simple to apply for anybody with a minimum knowledge of the human anatomy and the stimulation performed with the electrodes applied according thereto, give sure and lasting results.

## Claims

1. A method for controlled stimulation of predetermined parts (10,20,30,40,50) of a human body including:

application of a plurality of electrodes (2) substantially corresponding to positive electric polarity and a plurality of electrodes (3) substantially corresponding to negative or discharge electric polarity;

application of electric voltage to said positive electrodes (2) and discharge electrodes (3), said voltage having frequency and intensity variable in a predetermined way;

said method being characterised in that it includes the provision of arranging said positive electrodes (2) and discharge electrodes (3) in peripheral positions of said body zones (10,20,30,40,50) to be stimulated, and subsequent activation of said positive and discharge electrodes according to prefixed sequences so as to provoke in said zones (10,20,30,40,50) a concentration of electromagnetic waves which improve some physiological parameters of these zones.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein said positive electrodes (2) are applied, arranged substantially side by side, to peripheral regions (10a,20a,30a,40a,50a) of said zones (10,20,30,40,50), these region being closer to the heart, while said discharge electrodes (3) are applied, arranged substantially side by side, to other peripheral regions (10b,20b,30b,40b,50b) of said zones (10,20,30,40,50), these other peripheral regions being farther from the heart.
3. The method of claim 2, wherein four positive electrodes (2), substantially arranged to form a squashed semicircle with a convex part turned upwards, are applied in a lower abdomen area (10), directly over the navel, and four discharge electrodes (3), substantially arranged to form a

squashed semicircle with a convex part turned downwards, are applied in said lower abdomen area (10), directly over the pubis.

4. The method of claim 2, wherein four positive electrodes (2), substantially arranged like a squashed semicircle with a convex part turned upwards, are applied in an upper abdomen area (10), directly under the chest, and four discharge electrodes (3), substantially arranged like a squashed semicircle with a convex part turned downwards, are applied in said abdomen area (10), directly over the navel.
5. The method of claim 2, wherein said positive electrodes (2) and said discharge electrodes (3) are arranged vertically symmetrical around an abdomen area (30) and said positive electrodes (2) are applied on the oblique rectus muscle joint while said discharge electrodes (3) are applied on a lower part of the abdomen rectus muscle.
6. The method of claim 1, wherein said positive electrodes (2) and said discharge electrodes (3) are arranged around gluteus zones (40) with a first positive electrode (21) being applied, in a substantially central position, directly over each of said gluteus zones (40) and with a second positive electrode (22) being applied beside said first electrode (21) in the external part of the gluteus zone (40), and with a couple of discharge electrodes (31,32), first and second respectively, being applied directly under said gluteus zone (40).
7. The method of claim 6, wherein for each gluteus zone (40), said second discharge electrode (32) is moved to an external zone (41) of the leg directly over the knee.
8. The Method of claim 1, wherein four positive electrodes (2), arranged horizontally side by side, are applied directly over an external thigh zone (50), while four discharge electrodes (3), arranged horizontally side by side, are applied directly below said external thigh zone (50).
9. The method of claim 1, wherein said groups of positive electrodes (2) and discharge electrodes (3) are applied to drain points defined according to the acupuncture technique.
10. The method of claim 9, wherein a couple of positive electrodes (21,22) are applied to an upper part of an internal thigh area and to a lower part of an internal knee area, while a couple of discharge electrodes (31) are applied to an upper part of said internal knee area and to an internal part of the ankle.
11. The method of claim 9, wherein a couple of positive

electrodes (21,22) are applied to the oblique rectus muscles joint, a corresponding couple of discharge electrodes (31,32) are applied symmetrically to a lower part of the abdomen rectus muscle, and another positive electrode (23) is applied to an upper 5 part of each internal thigh area, with another discharge electrode (33) applied to an internal knee area.

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

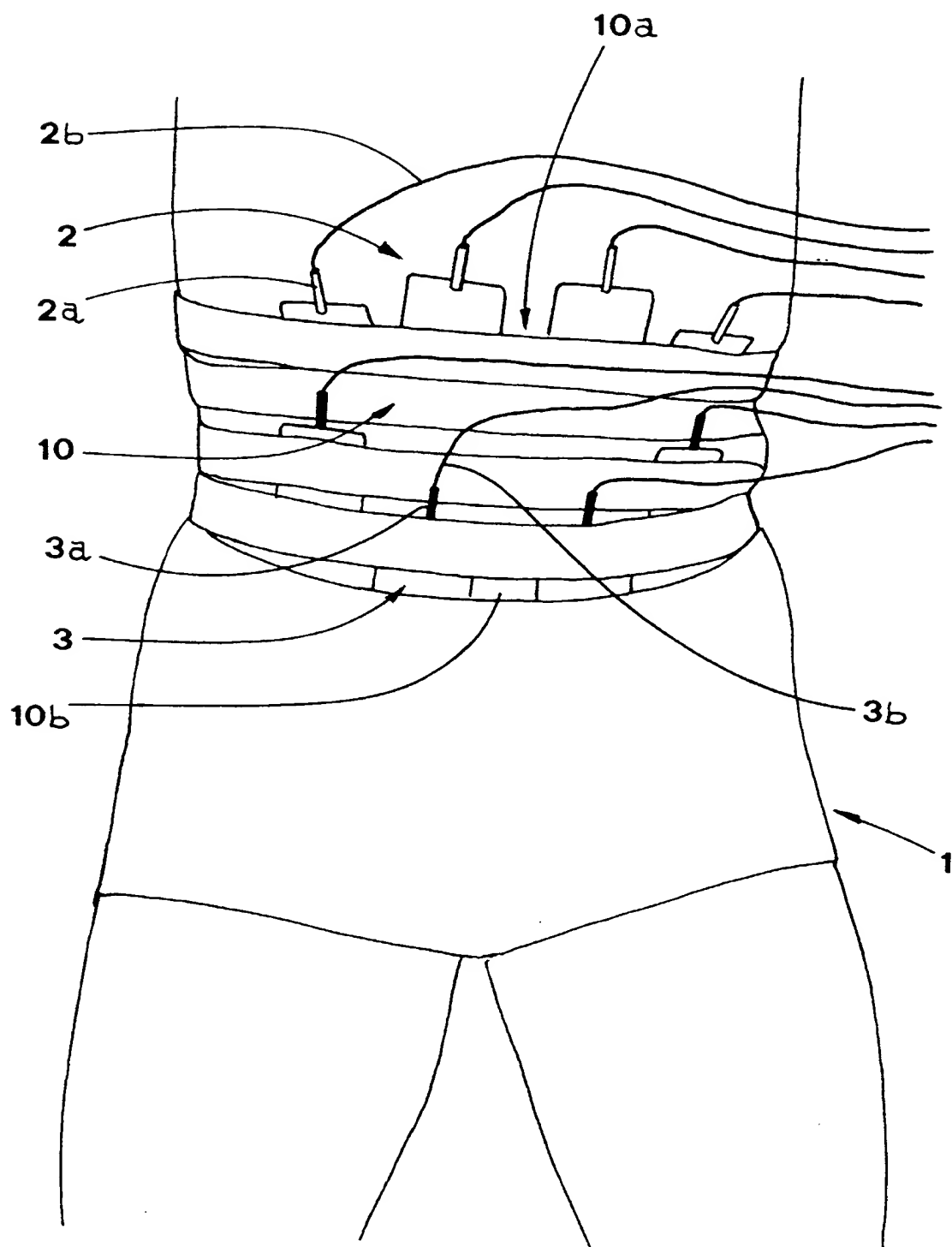


FIG. 1

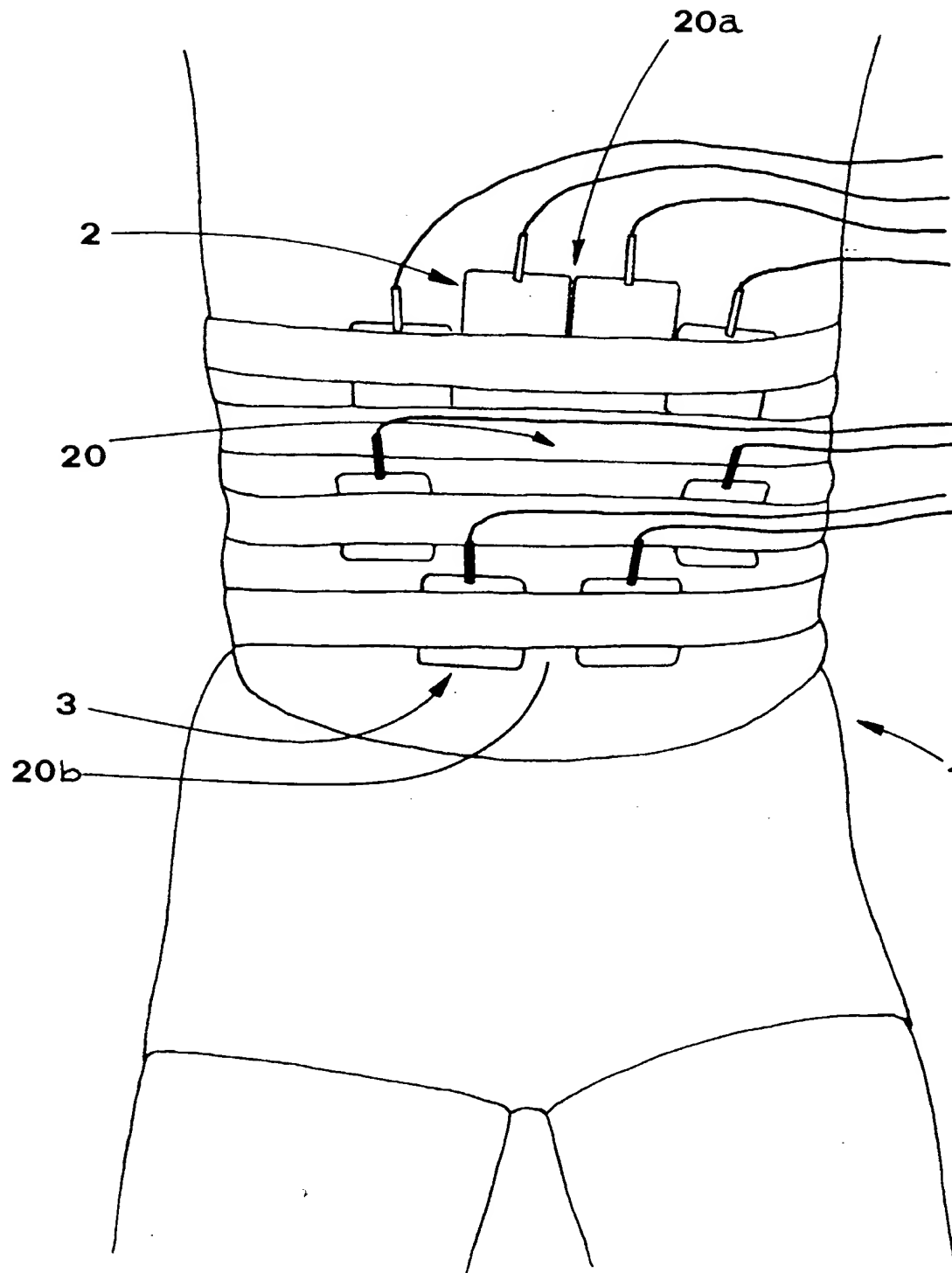
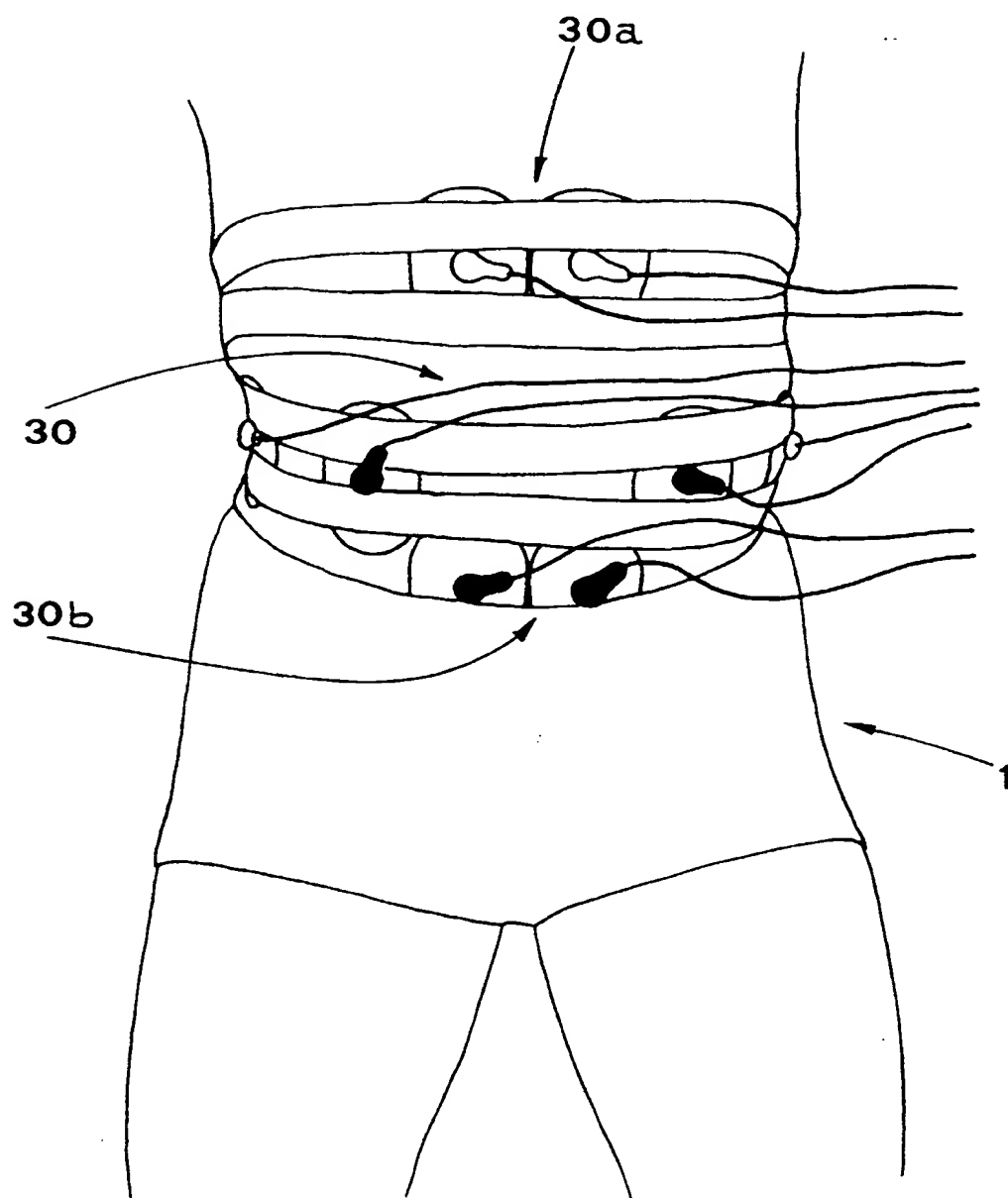


FIG. 2

FIG. 3





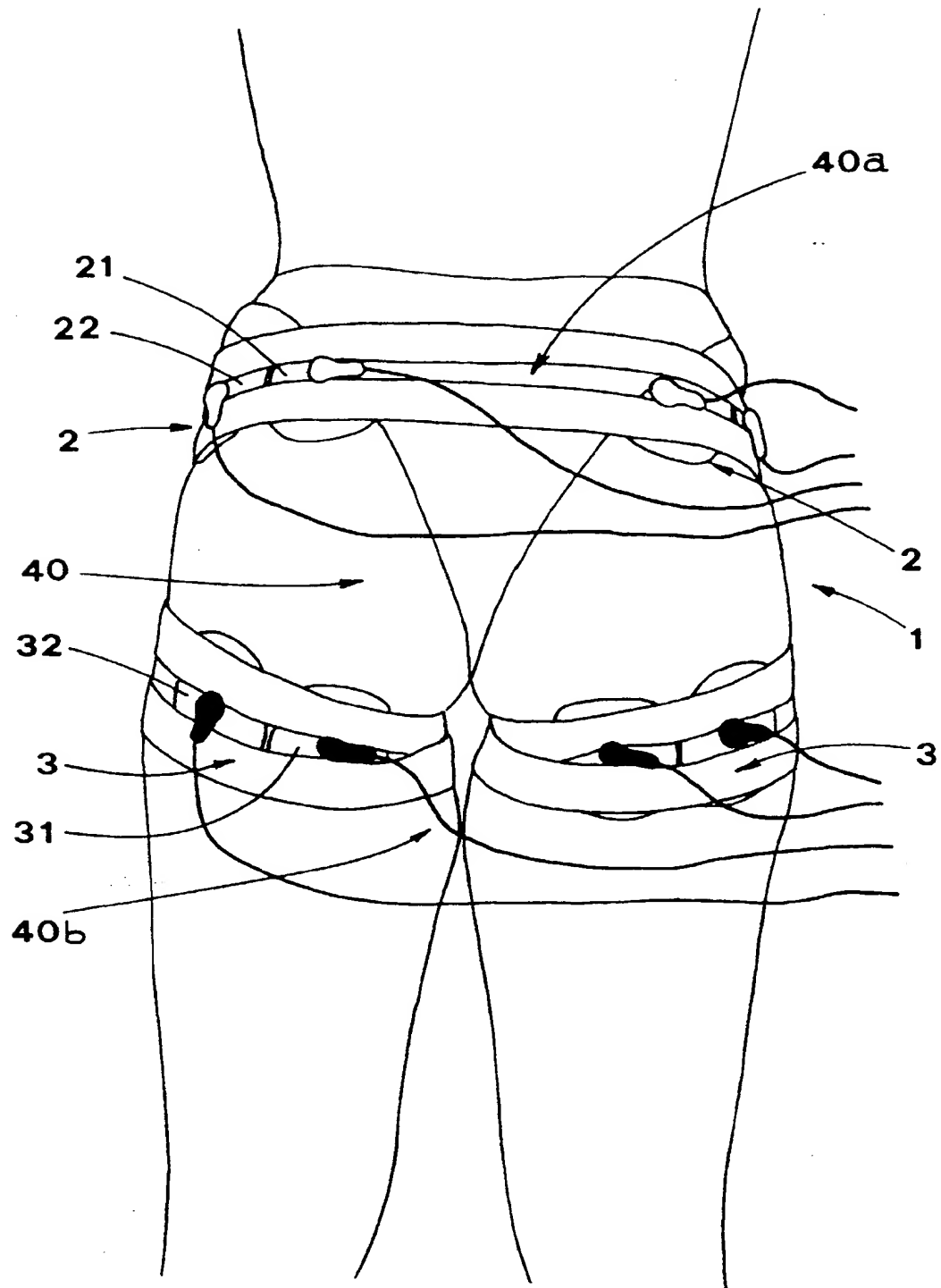


FIG. 4

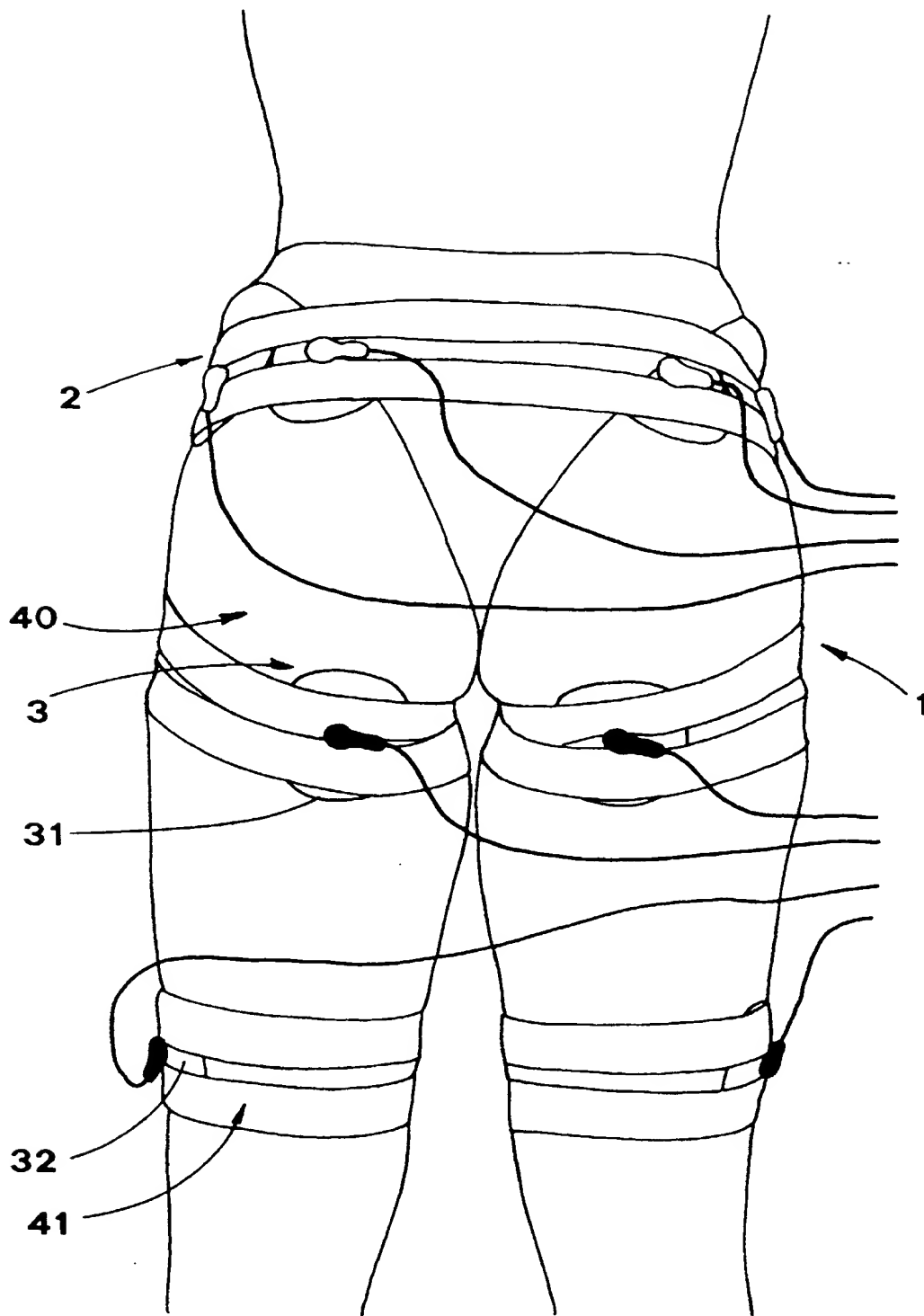


FIG.5

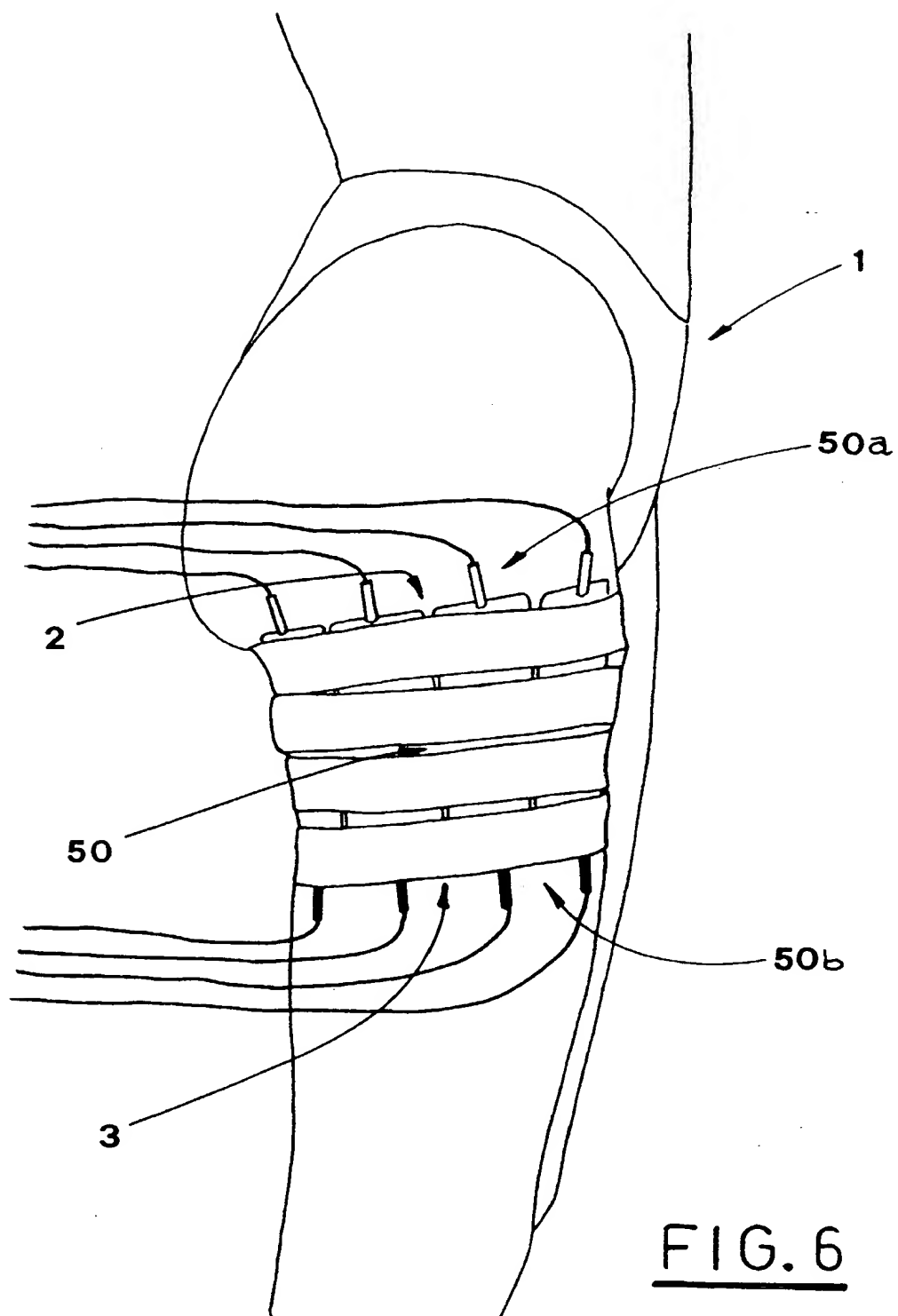


FIG. 6

FIG. 7

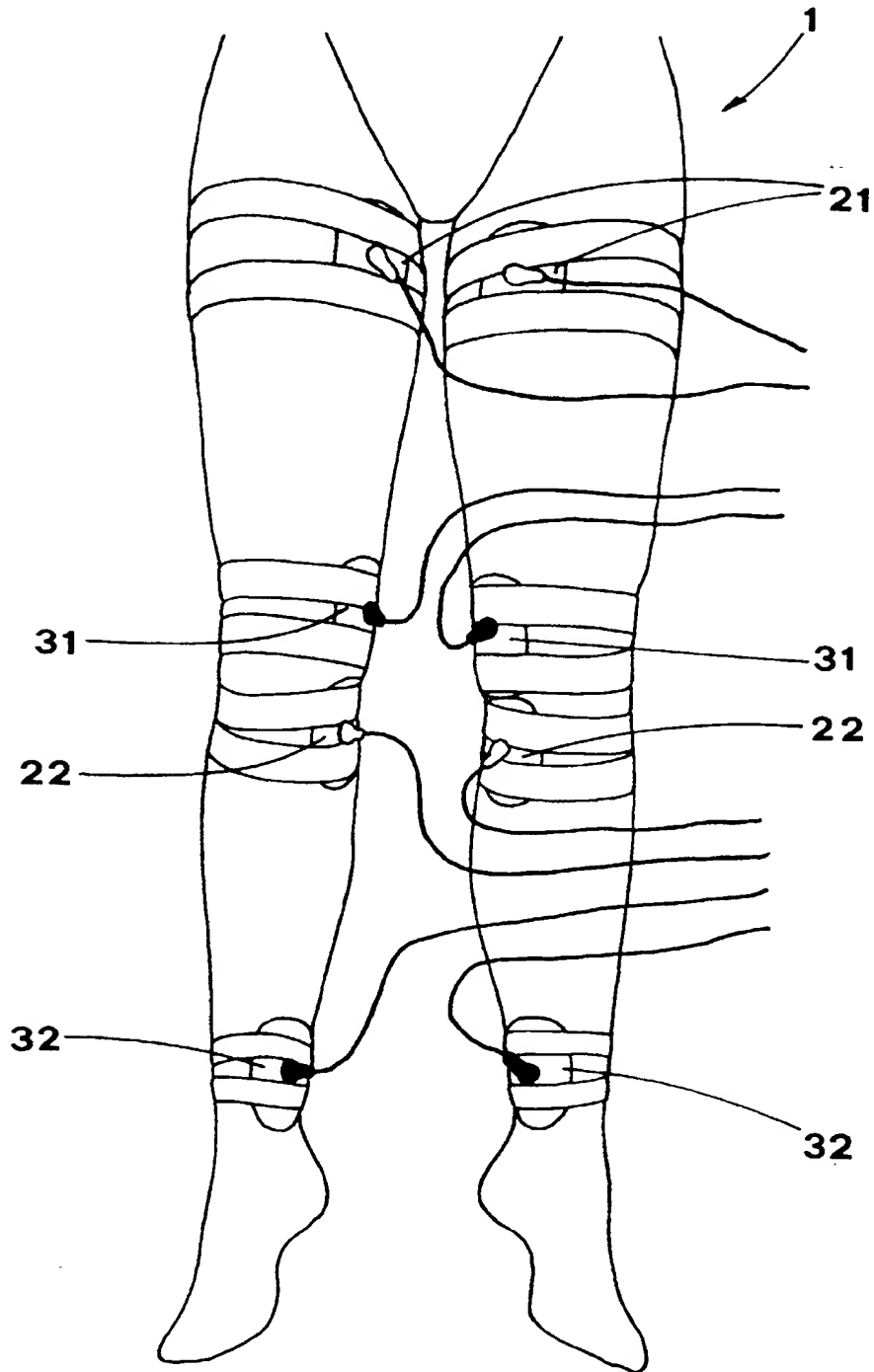
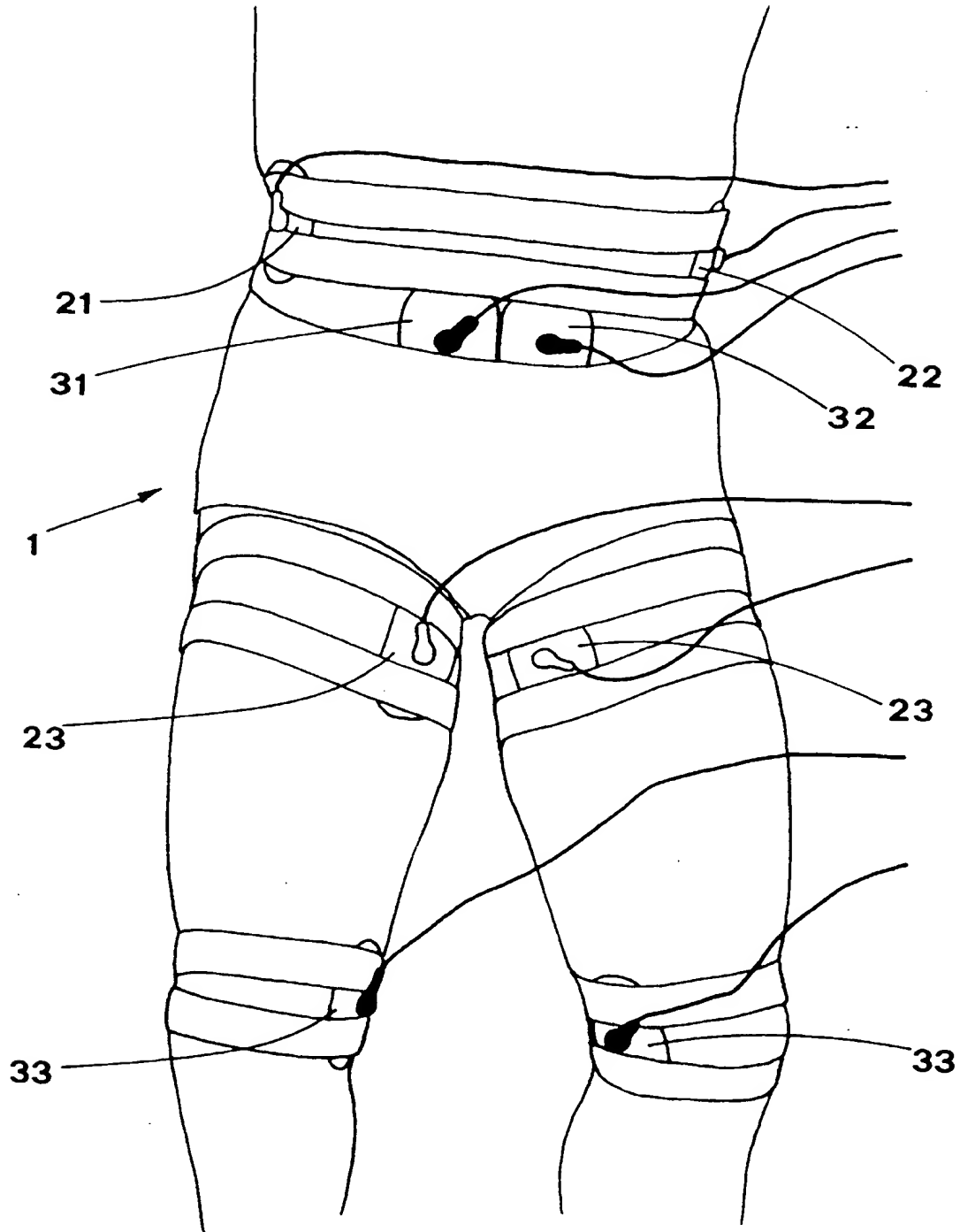


FIG. 8



***This Page Blank (uspto)***

(19)



Europäisches Patentamt

European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



(11)

**EP 0 830 875 A3**

(12)

**EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION**

(88) Date of publication A3:  
14.04.1999 Bulletin 1999/15

(51) Int Cl.<sup>6</sup>: **A61N 1/36**

(43) Date of publication A2:  
25.03.1998 Bulletin 1998/13

(21) Application number: **97830129.9**

(22) Date of filing: **21.03.1997**

(84) Designated Contracting States:  
**AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB IE LI NL PT SE**

(72) Inventor: **Piunti, Luige**  
**Porto D'Ascoli (Ascoli Piceno) (IT)**

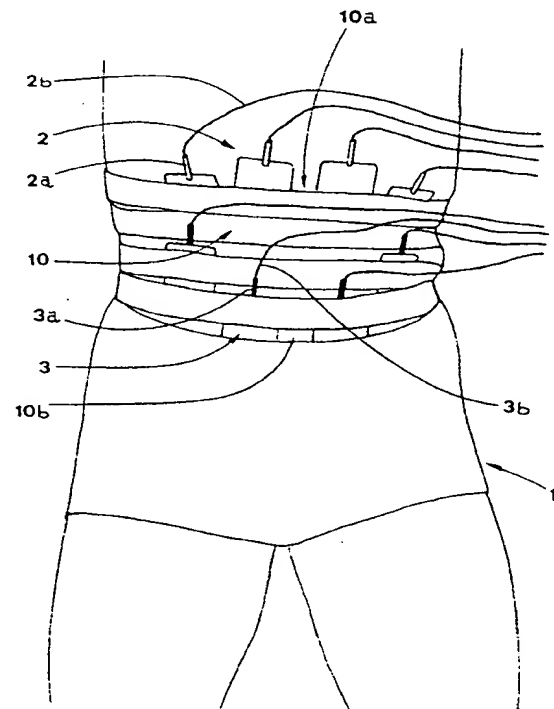
(30) Priority: **24.09.1996 IT BO960478**

(74) Representative: **Dall'Olio, Giancarlo**  
**INVENTION s.n.c.,**  
**Via delle Armi, 1**  
**40137 Bologna (IT)**

(71) Applicant: **Galaxy-Top International S.p.A.**  
**San Benedetto del Tronto (Ascoli Piceno) (IT)**

(54) **Method for controlled stimulation of predetermined parts of the human body by application of variable electric signals**

(57) A method for controlled stimulation of predetermined parts (10,20,30,40,50) of the human body, includes application of a plurality of positive electrodes (2) and a plurality of discharge electrodes (3), a voltage being then applied to the positive electrodes (2) and discharge electrodes (3) and varied in frequency and intensity according to a predetermined way. In accordance with the method a plurality of configurations of the positive electrodes (2) and discharge electrodes (3) are adopted in peripheral positions of body zones (10,20,30,40,50) to be stimulated, and the electrodes are activated in prefixed sequences so as to provoke in these zones (10,20,30,40,50) concentration of electromagnetic waves which improve some physiological parameters.



**FIG.1**



European Patent  
Office

# PARTIAL EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

which under Rule 45 of the European Patent Convention EP 97 83 0129 shall be considered, for the purposes of subsequent proceedings, as the European search report

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (InCL.6)
X	US 4 240 437 A (CHURCH CHARLES J) 23 December 1980 * the whole document *	1	A61N1/36
X	FR 2 433 950 A (INST CREATION ETU TECH) 21 March 1980 * the whole document *	1	
X	WO 91 15262 A (MEDISAN SRL) 17 October 1991 * the whole document *	1	
X	GB 2 123 698 A (BIOSTIM INC) 8 February 1984 * the whole document *	1	
A,D	IT B0940254 A (GALAXY TOP S R L) 30 November 1995 * the whole document *	1	
A	DE 34 29 057 A (SCHIEFELBUSCH WILLI) 20 February 1986 * the whole document *	1	<div>TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (InCL.6)</div> A61N
-/-			
INCOMPLETE SEARCH			
<p>The Search Division considers that the present application, or one or more of its claims, does/do not comply with the EPC to such an extent that a meaningful search into the state of the art cannot be carried out, or can only be carried out partially, for these claims.</p> <p>Claims searched completely :</p> <p>Claims searched incompletely :</p> <p>1</p> <p>Claims not searched :</p> <p>2-11</p> <p>Reason for the limitation of the search :</p> <p>Article 52 (4) EPC - Method for treatment of the human or animal body by therapy: claim 1 has been searched incompletely, since the search documentation mainly contains information about patentable subject-matter.</p>			
Place of search		Date of completion of the search	Examiner
THE HAGUE		5 February 1999	Ferrigno, A
<div>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</div> <div> X : particularly relevant if taken alone  Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category  A : technological background  O : non-written disclosure  P : intermediate document </div> <div> T : theory or principle underlying the invention  E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date  D : document cited in the application  L : document cited for other reasons  &amp; : member of the same patent family, corresponding document </div>			



## PARTIAL EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

EPO FORM 1503 03.82 (P04C10)

3

**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT  
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 97 83 0129

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report.  
The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on  
The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

05-02-1999

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US 4240437 A	23-12-1980	NONE	
FR 2433950 A	21-03-1980	BE 878378 A	17-12-1979
WO 9115262 A	17-10-1991	IT 1240362 B	10-12-1993
		AT 120972 T	15-04-1995
		CA 2079490 A	01-10-1991
		DE 69018652 D	18-05-1995
		DE 69018652 T	31-08-1995
		EP 0521851 A	13-01-1993
		ES 2071097 T	16-06-1995
		JP 4224772 A	14-08-1992
		US 5433737 A	18-07-1995
GB 2123698 A	08-02-1984	AU 1573183 A	22-12-1983
		DE 3321839 A	22-12-1983
		FR 2528709 A	23-12-1983
		JP 59057668 A	03-04-1984
IT 80940254 A	30-11-1995	NONE	
DE 3429057 A	20-02-1986	NONE	

EPO FORM P0459

For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82